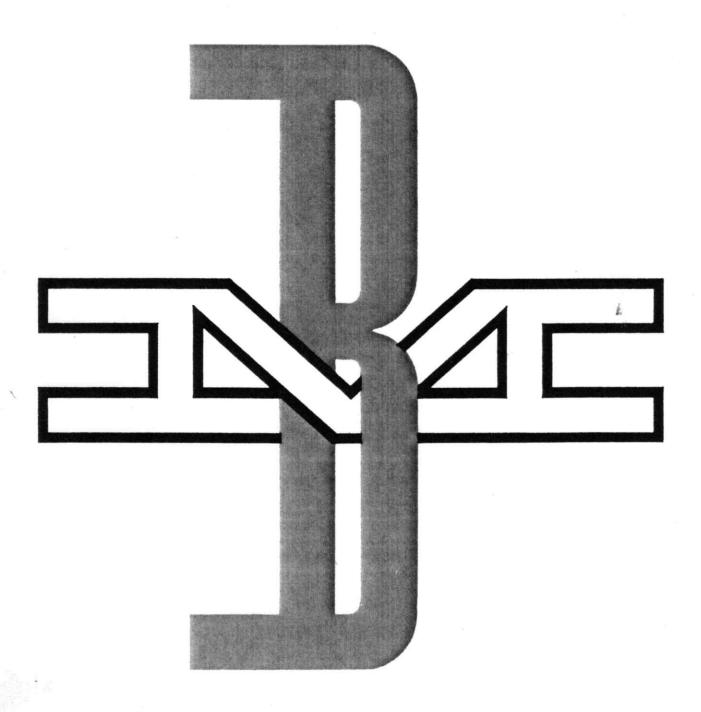
BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD



130th ANNUAL REPORT 1962

M3118 BM 962 76.914

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DANIEL A. BENSON

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TRANSFER AGENTS

Old Colony Trust Company, 45 Milk Street, Boston The Hanover Bank, 70 Broadway, New York

President Benson

TO OUR STOCKHOLDERS

Despite declines in freight and passenger revenues during the year, the Boston and Maine reduced its net loss to \$2,890,153 from \$3,279,716 in 1961.

Operating expenses were \$49,540,758 or 2.2% below the \$50,621,112 for the like period of 1961. The operating ratio, i.e., the percentage of operating expenses to operating revenues, was 77.36, the fifteenth best performance among the major Class I railroads in the country and the best among the five New England lines.

An encouraging factor was a substantial decrease in per diem costs, long a severe problem for terminal railroads such as ours. The Railroad reduced its net rents payable for equipment and joint facilities in 1962 to \$6,605,534, or 15% less than the \$7,774,111 reported for 1961. Hire of freight equipment amounted to \$5,897,825, or 18% less than the \$7,192,332 reported for 1961. Included in this reduction was a saving of nearly \$400,000 for hire of trailers.

The passenger deficit was reduced from \$3,974,818 in 1961 to \$3,788,987 in 1962. Nevertheless, as can be seen from the year's results, this remains a major problem for the Railroad, with the passenger deficit absorbing 57% of the 1962 freight service net operating income.

At the close of 1962, the Railroad entered into an agreement with the Mass Transportation Commission for a one-year mass transit demonstration program. The Railroad began its participation in the program on January 6, 1963, and is to receive \$2,200,000 to compensate it for an overall average decrease in fares of about 30% and an increase of more than 85% in train service.

In entering into the contract with the Mass Transportation Commission, the Railroad called public attention to the dimensions of the Boston and Maine's passenger losses in the last several years and warned that "no privately operated enterprise can continue to incur losses of this magnitude and expect to stay in business."

In a public statement given wide coverage by all news media, your Management declared:

"If rail passenger service is a public necessity that cannot be supported by private enterprise then public means for its support will have to be found. We believe it to be in the public interest to make it plain that if passenger deficits continue, the basic needs of financial survival will leave the B&M no choice but to consider such measures as are open to it to divest itself of the passenger deficit."

The past year saw an acceleration of moves toward major Eastern railroad mergers. Because of the implications for the Boston and Maine as a terminal carrier, the Railroad deemed it essential to take a position that would safeguard it against isolation from the mainstream of Eastern railroad merger developments. Accordingly, the Railroad urged that studies be initiated to determine the feasibility of a unified New England railroad system. The New York Central agreed to join in a study of the feasibility of transferring its Boston and Albany Division to the Boston and Maine as a nucleus for a New England system. The first phase of this study was completed during the year.

In testifying before the Interstate Commerce Commission on the Pennsylvania-New York Central merger proceedings, both James M. Symes, Chair-

man of the Board of Directors of the Pennsylvania, and Alfred E. Perlman, President of the New York Central, took the position that the problems of the New England railroads could best be solved by the establishment of a New England railroad system.

The Boston and Maine continues to adhere to its advocacy of a New England railroad system and has also made it plain that it would consider per diem relief by the trunk lines that would be served by such a system to be an essential part of the plan we are espousing. At the same time, the Boston and Maine has made it clear that if its primary objective of a financially workable New England railroad system cannot be achieved, it will seek inclusion in one or another of the major trunkline mergers whose formation is under consideration. This would be essential to protect the Railroad's interests, as well as the interests of New England.

During 1962, President Kennedy's message on transportation created the possibility that Washington would give closer attention than at any time in recent years to regulatory inequities that have steadily sapped the ability of railroads to meet the competition of regulation-exempt truck and water carriers. A considerable improvement was noted in both Congressional and public attitudes towards the economic problems faced by the railroads.

Legislation to free railroads of rate-making shackles that have exercised steady drains on their revenues and consistently undermined their competitive posture would be of particular significance to the Boston and Maine. The Railroad's stockholders, no less than its Management, have a vital stake in Congressional action to remedy these inequities.

Whether as a businessman or a taxpayer—and certainly as an investor—your support of our efforts to achieve much needed reforms in our national transportation policy is earnestly solicited.

Daniel A Benson

REVIEW OF 1962

FREIGHT BUSINESS

Freight revenue in 1962 was \$54,928,337 or 2.1% lower than in 1961. Average revenue per ton declined from \$3.41 in 1961 to \$3.33 in 1962 and average revenue per ton mile declined from 2.011¢ in 1961 to 1.964¢ in 1962. Volume, as expressed in number of tons carried, showed an increase of 0.2% and revenue ton miles increased 0.2%.

Total carloads handled decreased 3.1% compared to 1961. The installation in the Fall of 1961 of a petroleum pipeline from New Haven, Connecticut, to Chicopee, Massachusetts, caused a serious decline in the petroleum traffic being handled by the Railroad to Westover Air Base. Construction of storage and distribution facilities on the Boston waterfront for the handling of cement resulted in some erosion of our cement traffic. This cement moves from origin producing mills by barge to Boston and thence by truck from the storage facility to consumers.

During 1962, movement of earth fill in trainload lots for use in the construction of Interstate Route 93 continued. The Railroad handled 20,740 carloads.

Because of competition from the oil industry, there has been some changeover from the use of coal to oil. This has adversely affected our traffic.

The Railroad has acted to meet these various problems through the medium of multiple car rates on petroleum products, unloading allowances to receivers of bulk cement, and the publishing of volume rates on coal. A study is now under way as to the feasibility of establishing trainload rates on coal.

Paper and paper products continued strong and showed an increase over 1961. No substantial change in the movement of this traffic is anticipated in the immediate future.

There has been some discussion within the railroad industry calling for increases in freight rates. The only action taken, however, was in connection with accessorial charges for services, such as stopping off in transit, loading and unloading, transit charges, etc.

The petition for abandonment by the Rutland Railroad, approved by Division 2 of the Interstate Commerce Commission, has been appealed by railroad labor and is now before the Courts. We have studied the possibility, in the event of abandonment, of acquiring certain portions of this line.

PORT PARITY CASE

Last year, your Management reported that the United States District Court for Massachusetts had reversed the order of the Interstate Commerce Commission in the so-called Port Parity case, which had directed cancellation of our proposed equal rates on import-export freight via Boston. This decision has been appealed by the U. S. Department of Justice on behalf of the Interstate Commerce Commission and by the railroads and port interests serving Baltimore and Philadelphia. Argument will be heard before the Supreme Court of the United States during the spring of 1963.

PER DIEM CASE

Last year, your Management reported to you that the so-called per diem case had been remanded by the Supreme Court of the United States to the

Interstate Commerce Commission for further study. In connection with that further study, the railroads have submitted information concerning freight car ownership costs to the Commission. Hearings have been resumed by the Commission and the matter remains in litigation.

PIGGYBACK

Piggyback volume continued to show an encouraging rate of growth throughout the year. Trailerloads handled, 24,580 in 1962, represented a 38.5% increase over the 17,753 loads of the preceding year.

Establishment by Kenosha Auto Transport, Inc., of an East Cambridge terminal at our Yard 14 site enabled the Railroad to participate in the piggybacking of 2,870 auto-carriers loaded with 16,680 American Motors' automobiles originating at Kenosha, Wisconsin. This volume of automobile movement is increasing and it is expected that 3,500 such carriers or 21,000 automobiles will be handled in 1963.

Steady gains prevailed in all three forms of piggybacking conventional highway trailers. Motor Common Carrier traffic other than automobiles handled by the B&M in PLAN I increased from 2,516 to 3,400 trailerloads. PLAN II business, door-to-door service provided in railroad-owned or leased trailers, rose from 5,263 trailerloads in 1961 to 6,048 last year, an increase of 14.9%. Freight Forwarder, Shipper Association and other freight consolidator traffic, the largest segment of B&M piggyback, increased to 12,262 loads handled or 22.3% over 1961.

This trend is continuing. To attract and accommodate further increases, a fourth piggyback loading and unloading track was placed in service at our East Cambridge facility. New terminals have been opened at White River Junction, Vermont, and Mechanicville, New York, to improve system piggyback coverage. The facility at Worcester, Massachusetts, displaced by highway construction, has been replaced by a new and improved facility at South Worcester, providing for improved service to shippers.

Through new low-level car design, we are looking forward to the inauguration in 1963 of piggyback services between the New Haven Railroad at Harlem River, New York, and northern New England via the Worcester gateway. Continued expansion of rates, routes, and services will provide for the development of new business and a continued increase in the volume of B&M piggyback traffic.

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT

New plant construction on the Railroad in 1962 involved 861,500 square feet of space. Expansion of existing facilities accounted for an additional 346,000 square feet. Other building projects begun in 1962, and now under construction, involve about 250,000 square feet of floor space.

New and expanded manufacturing, warehousing and storage facilities located on the Railroad during the year are expected to produce rail traffic amounting to about 10,000 cars annually. Other major developments in 1962 worth noting for future plant construction include:

Colonial Press, the largest book printers in the east, purchased 70 acres for new plant facilities in Clinton, Mass. A substantial part of the acreage was acquired from the Railroad. Plans contemplate construction of 100,000-150,000 square feet in 1963, with ultimate construction of 1,000,000 square feet of new plant space.

Tampax Co. purchased 120 acres at Claremont, N. H., and will proceed with new plant construction in 1963. An initial unit will involve 100,000

square feet and ultimate construction of 300,000 square feet.

Additional sidetrack facilities amounting to 8,513 feet were installed for industrial purposes. The sale of surplus real estate was continued at an intensified rate during the year. Close to \$1,750,000 was realized from this source. The sales program was vigorously pursued to effect further industrial development, secure much needed cash and accomplish tax savings.

"The New Boston" is rapidly becoming a reality and its favorable influ-

ences are being felt throughout the North Station area.

New major highways now under construction are opening up sizable areas

of new industrial properties with rail facilities.

In the Andover-Tewksbury area, 1,600 acres are being developed on Interstate Highway 93, and about 300 acres in Tewksbury near the new interchange of Interstate Highway 495 and Route 38. Other sizable parcels are in development at Littleton, Mass., and Springfield. Discussions with the owners have indicated they are keenly interested in rail locations at these sites. Four industries in the new Lechmere Development Project in East Cambridge are now in active operation, one of which will substantially expand its facilities in 1963. Further development of this area is in active progress.

PASSENGER BUSINESS

Total passenger revenue in 1962 amounted to \$4,617,061 compared with \$5,138,071 in 1961, a decrease of 10.1%. Total passengers carried declined 7.8% from 5,938,306 in 1961 to 5,472,620 in 1962. The decrease in riding, accelerated in 1961 by major improvements in Interstate Highways 3 and 93, continued in 1962. It was further affected by the opening of the second vehicular tunnel connecting Boston with the North Shore and Northeast Expressway. The Interstate Commerce Commission allowed discontinuance of four trains on the Connecticut River Line between Springfield, Mass., and White River Junction, Vt. The application for these discontinuances, filed in October, 1961, became effective with the change of time in April, 1962, after extensive public hearings. The 10% Federal tax on passenger transportation was repealed, effective November 16, 1962. At the same time, all passenger rail fares previously subject to the tax were increased by this Company in unison with other Eastern railroads. The increase was not applied to New Hampshire intrastate fares by order of the Public Utilities Commission of that State.

REDUCTION OF PASSENGER DEFICIT

The following table shows the reductions made in the passenger deficit and in passenger train miles operated since 1954:

Year	Passenger Train Miles	Percent Decline vs. 1954	Net Rwy. Oper. Deficit (I.C.C. Formula)	Percent Decline vs. 1954
1954	6,055,976	-	\$15,159,263	-
1955	5,892,511	2.7	12,250,363	19.2
1956	5,880,948	2.9	13,678,564	9.8
1957	5,530,409	8.7	12,590,280	16.9
1958	4,391,400	27.5	9,635,997	36.4
1959	3,478,332	42.6	7,387,693	51.3
1960	3,236,534	46.6	4,971,202	67.2
1961	2,777,658	54.1	3,974,818	73.8
1962	2,486,678	58.9	3,788,987	75.0

OPERATING RESULTS

Operating revenues amounted to \$64,040,384 or 3.0 per cent less than the \$66,031,162 realized in 1961. Operating expenses were \$49,540,758 or 2.1 per cent less than the 1961 expenses of \$50,621,112.

Net railway operating income increased to \$2,853,407 from \$2,688,705 reported a year earlier. After other non-operating income and expense, \$2,835,374 remained available for fixed charges, compared with \$2,679,933 in 1961. After fixed and contingent charges, the net loss was \$2,890,153, compared with a net loss of \$3,279,716 in 1961.

Gross ton miles in the year 1962 decreased 0.7% under 1961, while net ton miles increased 0.1%. The slight improvement in net ton miles resulted from record high average in carload tons, which at 32.3 tons is 0.3 more than the previous record established in 1961.

Freight train operating efficiency, as measured by gross ton miles per train hour, for the year 1962 was the best performance by the Railroad in its history. This resulted primarily from a record high in average train load tons, coupled with a high train speed.

The Company's 1962 operating ratio of 77.36% was the lowest among the five New England railroads.

With the exception of the Norfolk and Western, Nickel Plate and Wabash, three highly prosperous railroads, the B&M operating ratio was the lowest of the major eastern railroads.

1962 Operating Ratios

36 Railroad Companies Other Than New England, but Including Boston and Maine

Doston and Mame	Dan Cont	Rank
1 m	Per Cent 79.17	23
Atch., Top. & Santa Fe	76.94	13
Atlantic Coast Line	77.66	16
Baltimore & Ohio	77.36	15
BOSTON AND MAINE	86.28	33
Cent. RR of N.J.	80.37	25
Chesapeake & Ohio	78.92	21
Chic., Burlington & Quincy	80.76	26
Chic. & Eastern Illinois		24
Chic., Milw., St. P. & Pac.	79.50 85.72	30
Chic. & North Western		28
Chic., R. I. & Pacific	81.48	22
Delaware & Hudson	78.97	3
Denver & R.G. Western	67.89	35
Erie-Lackawanna	88.12	19
Great Northern	78.60	11
Gulf, Mobile & Ohio	76.46	17
Illinois Central	78.33	2
Kansas City Southern	58.38	36
Lehigh Valley	90.73	20
Louisville & Nashville	78.82	8
MoKansTexas	75.36	7
Missouri Pacific	75.10 83.92	29
New York Central		12
Nickel Plate	76.57	1
Norfolk & Western	56.60	32
Northern Pacific	86.02 81.41	27
Pennsylvania		34
Reading	87.14	18
St. Louis-San Francisco	78.45 77.07	14
Seaboard Air Line	76.17	10
Southern Pacific		4
Southern Railway	69.14 72.28	5
Union Pacific	75.98	9
Wabash	85.81	31
Western Maryland		6
Western Pacific	74.96	O
Five New England Railroads		
Bangor & Aroostook	90.06	4
BOSTON AND MAINE	77.36	1
Central Vermont	86.53	3
Maine Central	79.80	2 5
N. Y., N. H. & Hartf.	91.80	5

PLANT AND EQUIPMENT IMPROVEMENTS

Improvement of the Railroad's plant during the year continued to stress

economy and productivity.

Stone ballast was applied to 10 miles of main line track in 1962, compared with 11.8 miles in the previous year. In addition, 76 single track miles of stone ballasted main track were resurfaced. New and relay rail laid during the year totaled 2,100 tons, while 26,500 cross ties (new and relay) were installed.

Fourteen single track miles of track were physically retired from service and, under the Railroad's program of single tracking, one track of former double track line was removed to improve clearances at two locations.

Fourteen public highway crossings were eliminated and automatic high-

way crossing protection devices were installed at 6 public crossings.

Elimination of manual protection at public crossings in 1962 accounted for an annual saving of \$89,988 to the Company. Similar projects approved in 1962 and now under way will yield further annual savings of \$196,629. Additional annual savings of \$40,113 can be achieved if favorable decisions are obtained on petitions filed in 1962 and now pending with public authorities.

During the year, 7 private grade crossings were closed, making a total of 898 such crossings eliminated since inception of the vitally important pro-

gram, begun five years ago, to eliminate private grade crossings.

Signal and communications improvements in 1962 included a new CTC° system between Soapstone, Mass., and Johnsonville, N.Y., centralizing controls in Greenfield Dispatcher's office previously handled from towers at North Adams, Mass., and Johnsonville, N.Y. Signal changes at two interlockings at Worcester permitted a substantial reduction in hours of manual operation at Exchange St. tower. Signal and track changes at Bellows Falls, Vt., permitted elimination of 21 man days of labor per week. Substantial signal and track changes were made at Tower C to permit elimination of three spans of Cambridge St. Bridge #1.51. Replacement cost of this facility, if borne entirely by the Railroad, would have cost some \$450,000. Ultimately, the major share of construction costs for a new bridge was assumed by the City of Boston. The Railroad contributed \$150,000 toward these costs.

One hot box detector was located from double track at So. Ashburnham to single track west of Gardner, permitting full utilization for trains in either

direction.

Base radio stations were installed at Boston, Lowell, Worcester, North Beverly, Concord, N.H., and on top of Florida Mountain, just east of North Adams. Mobile radios were installed in 130 M.W. vehicles and machines. This entire system is controlled from a new radio room in the North Station Industrial Building. Another base station, controlled by the Greenfield Dispatcher, was installed on Florida Mountain to increase coverage of train to wayside radio system.

General facility improvements during the year included: Expansion of piggyback facilities at East Cambridge, Mass; installation of piggyback facilities at Westboro, N.H., Fitchburg and Worcester; construction of Freight House No. 1 at East Cambridge, and improvement of clearances at some 15

locations.

[°] Centralized Traffic Control

A total of 15 new units of major work equipment and roadway machines was purchased during the year, in addition to miscellaneous small machines and tools, all designed to provide increased productivity.

Ten reconditioned cabooses were purchased for yard and transfer service

to replace cabooses built in the 1890s.

Fifteen reconditioned 70-ton capacity hopper cars were purchased for gravel service.

Thirty-one second-hand 70-ton capacity hopper cars were purchased and reconditioned at Billerica Shop for gravel service.

In line with our continuing policy to provide specialized equipment where traffic warrants, the following cars were modified for special loading:

Wood Chip

Twelve second-hand 70-ton hopper cars were purchased, reconditioned and modified at Billerica Shop to 4700 cu. ft. capacity by increasing height of sides and ends, making the car 15 ft. 10 in. high.

Cement

Two cars equipped with modified "DF" equipment for palletized loading.

Nitre Cake

Eight 40-ft. cars and three 50-ft. cars were relined and interior treated with Polyurethane for Nitre Cake service.

Grain

Three covered hopper cars were conditioned for bulk grain loading.

Sugar

Two covered hopper cars had special lining applied for use in bulk sugar service.

BRANCH LINES

Review of the economics of our branch lines has been continued on a regular basis.

In 1962 abandonments were authorized by the Interstate Commerce Commission as follows:

Feb. 1, 1962–5.3 miles—Portion of Bedford and Billerica Branch.

Feb. 5, 1962—1.4 miles—Portion of Marblehead Branch from Forest River to Marblehead.

Mar. 9, 1962–2.25 miles-Portion of Salem Branch in Peabody, Mass.

May 8, 1962—3.8 miles—Reformatory Branch from Bedford to end of line in Concord.

For many years the operation and ownership of the Troy Union Railroad in the City of Troy, New York, by the Boston & Maine, New York Central, and Delaware & Hudson has been a major problem to all three railroads. After protracted negotiations with the City of Troy, the shippers, and between the three railroads, agreement was reached in 1962. Petitions to abandon the line were filed in October, 1962, and are now pending before the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Abandonment petitions involving 104 miles of various branch lines were filed early in 1963 with the Interstate Commerce Commission.

MYSTIC TERMINAL COMPANY

A subsidiary of the Railroad, the Mystic Terminal Company leases piers and a grain elevator from the Massachusetts Port Authority. When the management of this operation was changed in 1957, it was running a deficit of \$406,304. The latest reported figure represents the lowest loss incurred in the last twelve years.

In 1962, the Company handled 282 ships in foreign service, as compared with 276 in 1961. Tonnage loaded to and unloaded from ships at Hoosac and Mystic Piers in 1962 amounted to 264,748 net tons of general cargo, com-

pared with 272,648 net tons of general cargo in 1961.

Grain movement was again disappointing. All movement was for the U. S. Department of Agriculture. The Company handled 250,000 bushels of export grain in 1962 against 2,443,300 bushels in 1961. This decline was relatively the same at all North Atlantic ports in the year 1962. It resulted from increased grain movement by barge at Gulf ports and uncertainties about agricultural tariff policies now under discussion in the European Common Market countries. Adverse effects were felt by the Company because private exporters are moving grain through their own or leased port elevators. In addition, inland freight rates to Boston are higher than the inland rates to Baltimore, Philadelphia and Norfolk.

But an even more serious factor has been the emergence of the St. Lawrence Seaway as a large and destructive competitor of all Atlantic ports on the Northeastern coast of the United States. Midwest grain is now moving via the Seaway—built partly with U. S. government funds—directly to foreign ports. And much of this American grain is moving abroad in foreign vessels.

EQUIPMENT RENTALS

More efficient car handling resulted in a significant decrease in net per diem costs. Net rents for equipment and joint facilities in 1962 totalled \$6,605,534, or 15% less than the \$7,774,111 reported for 1961. Hire of freight equipment amounted to \$5,897,825, or 18% less than the \$7,192,332 reported for 1961. The Interstate Commerce Commission is still hearing testimony regarding freight car per diem rates, an issue the B&M has pressed vigorously through the courts. Meanwhile, a proposal to put into effect multi-level rates based on values of individual freight cars is in committee in the Association of American Railroads.

LONG-TERM DEBT CHANGES

Balance at beginning of year	\$99,828,130
Increases: Collateral Trust Indenture dated October 17, 1962 due Serially to October 15, 1977 Equipment and Road-Property	1,000,000
obligations account of new acquisitions Total increases	$\frac{729,646}{1,729,646}$
Decreases: Equipment and Road-Property obligations paid	4,838,878
Principal payments made on Collateral Trust Indentures Series SS, 6% Bonds paid off and retired (Annual Serial Maturity)	300,000 959,484
Total decreases	6,098,362
Net change during the year (decrease) Balance at end of year	4,368,716 \$95,459,414

GUARANTEED NOTE

Application was filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission for guaranty of a loan from The First Pennsylvania Banking and Trust Company of Philadelphia of \$1,000,000 with interest at 5% per annum, under the provisions of Part V of the Interstate Commerce Act, as amended. Order approving the loan and guaranty was issued by the Commission on October 3, 1962. Closing of the loan and issuance of the note was on October 17, 1962. The note is due October 15, 1977, and requires prepayment of \$16,667 quarterly on the fifteenth day of January, April, July and October in each year, commencing January 15, 1963.

CONDITIONAL SALE AGREEMENT EXTENSION

The General Motors Acceptance Corporation, assignee of Conditional Sales Agreement dated October 16, 1956, covering fifty 1750 H.P. GP-9 Diesel Locomotives, agreed last May to extend that agreement by reducing the monthly principal payments 50% from June 1962 through April 1965, a reduction during that period of \$449,532 annually. Resumption of full monthly principal payments of \$74,922 on May 1, 1965 will extend the agreement to mature on April 1, 1969.

CENTRALIZED TRAFFIC CONTROL

Installation of C.T.C. system between Greenfield, Massachusetts, and Johnsonville, New York, has been completed. Conditional Sale Agreement dated August 1, 1960, covers the final cost of \$455,932. Down payments reduced the financed portion to \$364,746 payable in 60 equal monthly installments through the Genesee Valley Union Trust Company of Rochester, New York, with interest on unpaid balance at 54%.

TAXES

Railway taxes aggregated \$5,040,685 in 1962, as compared with \$4,967,234 in 1961.

Federal income taxes in 1962 amounted to \$123,953 and consisted of taxes on leased lines rentals in the amount of \$170,562 and a joint facility tax refund of \$46,609.

Payroll taxes for employee retirement, unemployment and sickness benefits amounted to \$2,491,598 in 1962, compared with \$2,495,440 in 1961, a net decrease of \$3,842, although Railroad Retirement and Unemployment tax rates increased on January 1, 1962 from 6¾ to 7¼ and from 3¾ to 4¾, respectively.

The provision made for taxes is shown in the following table:

	1962	1961
State and Municipal	\$2,407,070	\$2,254,589
Federal Payroll	2,491,598	2,495,440
Federal Income	123,953	193,759
Other	18,064	23,446
Total	\$5,040,685	\$4,967,234

SYSTEMS AND RESEARCH

The Systems and Research Department continued its program of cost reduction, increased productivity and improvements in furnishing management information through progression of mechanized procedures and systems application.

Systems activities were expanded to include three major departments during 1962. Through application of a unique computer program, specific employee recordkeeping has been established on a continuing basis for our Personnel Department.

In harmony with the Engineering Department's up-to-the minute radio reporting of work project activity, wage cost detail for each project is now being reported daily by the Central Data Processing Division, thus providing Engineering management with current media for improved project control.

Two major traffic studies detailing every carload handled were data-processed for our Traffic Department, producing a realistic appraisal of our traffic pattern.



The former Car Reporting Bureau was physically merged with the Central Data Processing Division, resulting in significant savings. Functions of the former Bureau were computerized for increased efficiency.

The General Communications Center, formerly the General Telegraph office, was relocated and up-graded with modern communication equipment.

Outdated Morse code transmission has been eliminated.

By-product data from our extensive payroll procedures has been further exploited to electronically produce labor and fuel costs for each freight train operated, to further the effectiveness of the Accounting Department's Responsibility program.

Car detention reporting furnished the Operating Department has been improved and extended to provide even tighter control of freight car han-

dling for reducing per diem expense.

EMPLOYEE RELATIONS

The Presidential Railroad Commission filed its report on February 26, 1962, recommending (a) elimination of firemen in freight and yard service; (b) arbitration of other crew consist issues; (c) freedom to establish interseniority district runs; (d) removal of many restrictive rules dividing road and yard work, and (e) modernization of the pay structure.

Protective conditions without precedent in American industry were provided for employees adversely affected. Nevertheless, the operating unions have steadfastly refused to negotiate on the basis of these recommendations and are now litigating the right to progress the case under the Railway Labor Act. The timing of eventual settlement cannot be predicted at this time.

In accord with the recommendations of Emergency Board, the compensation of non-operating employees was increased 4 cents an hour February 1, 1962, and 6.28 cents an hour May 1, 1962. The advance notice of force reduction was increased to five work days. No corresponding changes for operating employees were made, the subject being related to the pending Presidential Commission case.

The unions representing shop craft employees have served national notices designed to drastically restrict the purchase and exchange of equipment and parts or other contracts with manufacturers or suppliers. Elaborate protective payments are requested for employees laid off irrespective of cause.

Effective January 1, 1963, a National Railway Labor Conference was organized to do the statistical, legal and research work incident to the planning and progression of national wage and rules cases and to coordinate the handling of such cases to a conclusion. Mr. J. E. Wolfe of Chicago is Chairman of the Conference.

CONCLUSION:

The Boston and Maine Railroad is grateful to all employees for their continued cooperation throughout the past year.

Patrick B. M. Finnis

Chairman of the Board

D.A. Blusar

President

MTC SUPPLEMENT-FACTS FOR B&M STOCKHOLDERS

The Boston and Maine's participation in the MTC program is financed by a joint Federal-State grant of \$2.2 million. The objective: to determine whether highway congestion can be relieved by inducing motorists to use rail transportation.

This experiment is the first of its kind in the nation, and the B&M is the

first of Boston's three commuter railroads to participate.

The Federal-State grant is to compensate the Railroad for an overall fare decrease averaging about 30% and the costs of increasing service by more than 85%. The Boston and Maine was operating 204 trains daily, Monday through Friday, before the experiment. It has added 182 trains daily, bringing the Monday-through-Friday total to 386. The grant does not provide for expenditures on new equipment or capital improvements.

The Boston and Maine contract with the MTC contains a permissive clause stipulating that at the end of five months either party can serve 30 days notice of intention to withdraw from the program. An alternative would permit, by mutual consent, adjustments in either fares or schedules or both.

The first provision was written into the contract in the event results of the demonstration were so discouraging as to make further B&M participation financially prohibitive. The second provision would permit further experimentation to determine the effects of fare and/or schedule readjustments on passenger volume in the early stages of the program.

The government grant will not eliminate the B&M passenger deficit in 1963, nor was it intended to do so. Nevertheless, the Railroad agreed to par-

ticipate in the experiment for these reasons:

1. The B&M recognized that it had a responsibility to cooperate with public agencies in determining whether it was possible under any circumstances to persuade the public to turn from the highways to rail transportation;

2. It regarded the proposed demonstration program as the first instance of a practical test in a field hitherto confined to academic studies and reports over a period of many years;

3. It felt that the test might afford a clue to the extent of public need or

desire for mass transportation facilities.

Such results could:

 (a) Indicate whether or not rail commuter service can be supported within a framework of private enterprise;

(b) If not, what public steps would be required to meet the existing public

demand.

The Boston and Maine had indicated on a number of prior occasions that if its passenger losses continued, it would have no choice but to undertake necessary steps to divest itself of its passenger deficit. But in the absence of any clearcut public evidence to show whether or not railroad commuter service can be operated at a profit, any effort to eliminate the passenger deficit would be bound to encounter long delays.

However, a first essential is to find an accurate gauge for the extent of the public need for mass transportation. If this need cannot be met by a private company operating at a reasonable margin of profit, then the public will have to decide what steps will be necessary to support the service.

BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD

ASSETS

8	Dece	ember 31
Current assets:	1962	1961
Cash	\$ 2,913,742	\$ 1,859,378
Special deposits	178,589	163,554
Accounts receivable	4,441,435	5,452,447
Inventories of materials and supplies, at cost	2,812,544	3,450,624
Prepayments and other current assets	289,476	236,822
Total current assets	\$ 10,635,786	\$ 11,162,825
Properties (Note 2): Roadway and structures, including improvements to leased properties—\$11,761,897 in 1962, \$11,685,175 in 1961	\$178,043,656 73,181,335 \$251,224,991	\$178,655,656 73,790,408 \$252,446,064
Less: Depreciation of roadway and structures	(6,901,161) (21,956,397) \$222,367,433	$\begin{matrix} (6,846,915) \\ (20,099,088) \\ \hline \$225,500,061 \end{matrix}$
Miscellaneous physical properties, less depreciation—\$269,824 in 1962, \$361,828 in 1961	2,344,243 \$224,711,676	$\frac{3,218,013}{\$228,718,074}$
Investments and other assets: Investments in leased lines (Page 19) Investments in and advances to subsidiaries and other affiliated companies (Page 19 and Note 1) Other investments (Page 20) Deposits with trustees for first mortgage bonds and equipment obligations Other assets and deferred charges	\$ 3,460,993 3,845,934 1,310,645 162,710 2,476,984 \$ 11,257,266 \$246,604,728	\$ 3,282,798 3,758,061 1,268,904 87,539 4,115,456 \$ 12,512,758 \$252,393,657

BALANCE SHEET

LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL

	Decen	nber 31
CURRENT LIABILITIES:	1962	1961
Accounts payable	\$ 9,751,884 1,493,470 1,586,924 2,803,178 1,494,785	\$ 9,349,837 1,635,736 1,601,563 1,954,674 1,404,500
Total current liabilities (excluding long-term debt due within one year)	\$ 17,130,241	\$ 15,946,310
Long-term debt due within one year (Page 20): First mortgage bonds Equipment and other obligations	\$ 959,484 4,563,052	\$ 959,484 5,368,405
	\$ 5,522,536	\$ 6,327,889
Long-term debt (Page 20): First mortgage bonds Income mortgage bonds Equipment and other obligations	\$ 47,519,748 18,826,500 23,590,630 \$ 89,936,878	\$ 48,479,232 18,826,500 26,194,509 \$ 93,500,241
OTHER LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED CREDITS: Provision for disputed per diem charges (Note 4) Provision for injury and damage claims Accrued depreciation—leased property Unearned interest accrued on income mortgage bonds Other	804,383 2,082,016 3,765,300 751,599	\$ 7,755,213 933,250 1,963,586 3,012,240 1,650,664
	\$ 16,147,530	\$ 15,314,953
Capital and retained income: Capital stock (Note 5): 5% Preferred stock, \$100 par value: Authorized—246,067 shares in 1962 Issued (excluding shares held in treasury)— 240,801 shares in 1962, 251,510 in 1961 Common stock, no par value: Authorized—1,093,852 shares	\$ 24,080,100	\$ 25,151,000
Issued (excluding shares held in treasury)—586,497 shares in 1962, 567,756 in 1961	58,649,725	56,775,650
Additional capital (Note 5)	\$ 82,729,825 26,010,594	\$ 81,926,650 26,816,753 12,560,861
12702 22.00000000000000000000000000000000	\$117,867,543	\$121,304,264
Contingent obligations and commitments (Note 7)	\$246,604,728	\$252,393,657

BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD STATEMENT OF INCOME

	Year Ended December 31			
OPERATING REVENUES:	1962	1961		
Freight	\$ 54,928,337 4,617,061 4,494,986 \$ 64,040,384	\$ 56,133,995 5,138,071 4,759,096 \$ 66,031,162		
Operating expenses: Transportation	\$ 28,772,887 6,865,402 9,160,100 4,742,369 \$ 49,540,758	\$ 29,865,797 6,874,295 8,892,531 4,988,489 \$ 50,621,112		
NET REVENUE FROM RAILWAY OPERATIONS	\$ 14,499,626	\$ 15,410,050		
Other operating charges: Payroll, property and state excise taxes, etc. Net rents for equipment and joint facilities	\$ 5,040,685 6,605,534 \$ 11,646,219	\$ 4,967,234 7,774,111 \$ 12,741,345		
NET OPERATING INCOME	\$ 2,853,407	\$ 2,668,705		
NONOPERATING (EXPENSE) INCOME—NET	(18,033)	11,228		
NET INCOME BEFORE FIXED CHARGES AND CONTINGENT INTEREST	\$ 2,835,374	\$ 2,679,933		
Rent for leased lines, etc. Interest: First mortgage bonds Equipment trust certificates Conditional sale contracts Other Amortization of long-term debt discount and expense	\$ 476,852 2,914,302 573,925 544,472 366,572 96,344 \$ 4,972,467	\$ 474,930 2,973,641 636,535 634,839 397,738 88,906 \$ 5,206,589		
NET LOSS BEFORE CONTINGENT INTEREST	(\$ 2,137,093)	(\$ 2,526,656)		
Contingent interest	753,060	753,060		
Net loss	(\$ 2,890,153)	(\$ 3,279,716)		
STATEMENT OF RETAINED INCO BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS) FOR THE YEAR: Net loss Net gain on disposal of land Track retirements Other BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 12,560,861 (2,890,153) 433,201 (966,378) (10,407) \$ 9,127,124	\$ 15,517,252 (3,279,716) 1,906,219 (1,578,384) (4,510) \$ 12,560,861		

BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS IN LEASED LINES DECEMBER 31, 1962

	No. of shares owned	% owned	Cost	Approximate value based on current market quotations
Northern Railroad	19,027 1,807	62.0 60.2 36.5	\$1,991,671 149,445 1,319,877	\$1,275,000 117,000 804,000
Vermont & Massachusetts Railroad	11,647	30.3	\$3,460,993	\$2,196,000

The shares in leased line companies have been acquired over the period from 1937 to 1962. At December 31, 1962 all of the shares were pledged to secure long-term debt. Annual rentals of the leased lines, under long-term leases, amount to approximately \$405,000 plus federal and state taxes of the leased line companies which currently aggregate about \$225,000 per year. Dividends received from the leased line companies amounted to \$185,000 in 1962 and \$170,000 in 1961.

STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS IN AND ADVANCES TO SUBSIDIARIES AND OTHER AFFILIATED COMPANIES DECEMBER 31, 1962

	Investments in capital stocks	Notes and advances	Total investments and advances	Approximate net assets of subsidiaries per books
Wholly-owned Subsidiaries:				
Boston & Maine Transportation Company (a)	\$100,038	\$1,191,128	\$1,291,166	\$ 675,000
North Station Industrial Building, Inc. (a)	1,002	673,444	674,446	1,695,000
North Station Hotel Building, Inc. (b)	100	150,000	150,100	(50,000)
The Mystic Terminal Company	5,000	80,000	85,000	85,000
Springfield Terminal Railway Company (a)	186,030	none.	186,030	370,000
Charlestown Waterfront Facilities, Inc	300,000	43,030	343,030	315,000
Pine Tree Corporation	50,000	_	50,000	30,000
Connecticut River Valley Company, Inc	165,000		165,000	170,000
B & M Railroad Radio Co., Inc	1,000	_	1,000	1,000
	\$808,170	\$2,137,602	\$2,945,772	\$3,291,000
Other Affiliated Companies: Railway Express Agency, Inc. (a)	2,300	665,058	667,358	
Pullman Company	175,304	_	175,304	
Trailer Train Company	50,000	-	50,000	
Troy Union Railroad Company (25% owned)	7,500		7,500	
	\$1,043,274	\$2,802,660	\$3,845,934	

⁽a) The capital stocks of Boston & Maine Transportation Company, North Station Industrial Building, Inc. and Springfield Terminal Railway Company and notes of Boston & Maine Transportation Company (\$300,000), North Station Industrial Building, Inc. (\$518,444) and Railway Express Agency, Inc. (\$665,058) are pledged to secure long-term debt.

⁽b) The capital stock of North Station Hotel Building, Inc. is pledged to secure indebtedness of this subsidiary.

BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD STATEMENT OF LONG-TERM DEBT DECEMBER 31, 1962

	Portion	Due
	$Within \\one\ year\ (a)$	After one year (a)
FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS (b): Series SS, 6%, due serially to August 1, 1965 Series AC, 5%, due September 1, 1967	\$959,484 —	\$45,095,748 2,424,000
	\$959,484	\$47,519,748
Income Mortgage Bonds, Series A, 4½% (4% cumulative), due July 1970 (c)	_	\$18,826,500
EQUIPMENT AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS: Equipment Trust Certificates, Series I, 4½% to 6% due March 1971, secured by equipment of an aggregate original cost of \$23,570,000	\$1,234,000(d)	\$ 9,872,000
4%% and 5% Guaranteed Notes due 1965 to 1977 secured by \$1,828,-800 principal amount of Series SS bonds, capital stock of leased lines, capital stock and notes of subsidiary and affiliated companies (Page 19) and "other investments" carried at cost of \$980,070	366,667	6,808,333(e)
Conditional sale contracts maturing at various dates from January 1963 to October 1971, secured by equipment of an aggregate original cost of \$40,323,000	2,962,385	6,910,297(e)
	\$4,563,052	\$23,590,630
	\$5,522,536	\$89,936,878

- (a) Amounts outstanding are exclusive of bonds owned by the Railroad—\$1,828,800 of Series SS bonds pledged against guaranteed notes, \$641,000 of Series AC bonds held by the first mortgage trustee, and \$436,000 of income mortgage bonds which are unpledged.
- (b) The first mortgage bonds are secured by substantially all the road properties and equipment of the Railroad, its operating franchises, leases and agreements, and its investment in the capital stock of Troy Union Railroad Company, subject to the prior lien of equipment trust obligations and conditional sale contracts in the case of certain property and equipment as indicated in the statement above. Interest is payable semiannually at the indicated rates for the two series. The Series SS bonds mature serially in annual principal amounts of \$959,484 on August 1, 1963 and 1964 and the remainder on August 1, 1965. The Series SS bonds due August 1, 1965 are entitled to the benefit of a sinking fund provision under which the Railroad is required annually, on or before May 1, to deposit with the trustee \$459,000 in cash or Series SS

bonds (at the lesser of their principal amount plus accrued interest, or their cost to the Railroad) if "available net income" (as defined in the indenture) is sufficient.

- (c) The income mortgage bonds are secured by a second mortgage on the same properties as those securing the first mortgage bonds. Interest is payable at the rate of 4\% per annum if "available net income" is sufficient and, if not earned, is cumulative and payable not later than the maturity of the bonds at the rate of 4\% per annum. The income mortgage bonds are entitled to the benefit of a sinking fund provision under which the Railroad is required annually, on or before September 1, to deposit with the trustee \$483,000 in cash or Series A bonds (at the lesser of their principal amount plus accrued interest, or their cost to the Railroad) if "available net income" is sufficient.
- (d) The same amount matures within each subsequent year to maturity.
- (e) Payable at varying amounts each year to maturity.

BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1-Subsidiary Companies

The accounts of wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Railroad engaged in truck transportation, real estate, hotel and other types of operation are not consolidated in the accompanying financial statements. The investments in and advances to these subsidiaries are shown on Page 19. The excess of losses over profits from the operation of the subsidiaries, amounting to approximately \$50,000 in 1962 (based on preliminary estimates) and \$316,000 in 1961, is not reflected in the accompanying statement of income.

Note 2-Properties

The amounts shown in the balance sheet for properties represent the aggregate of acquisitions and additions (by merger, purchase, construction or otherwise), less retirements, recorded under the system of accounting prescribed by the Interstate Commerce Commission. In accordance with such accounting requirements the Railroad commenced providing for depreciation on roadway and structures (other than properties such as rail, ties, ballast and other track materials) on January 1, 1943. The recorded cost, less salvage, of such properties retired is charged to the depreciation reserves.

With respect to rails, ties, ballast and other track materials, included in the roadway accounts in the amount of approximately \$43,800,000 at December 31, 1962, the Railroad follows the prescribed practice of "replacement" accounting. For many years this accounting practice has been considered an acceptable alternative in the railroad industry to the more widespread practice of depreciation accounting. Under this practice replacements in kind are charged to maintenance expense and only improvements and additions are capitalized. The amounts capitalized are not depreciated. Retirements of such properties, less salvage, are also charged to maintenance expense, except that in recent years certain retirements which were considered abnormal have been charged direct to retained income. Gains and losses on disposals of land are credited or charged to retained income.

The accompanying statement of income includes charges for depreciation totaling \$4,457,000 in 1962 and \$4,437,000 in 1961.

Note 3-Federal Income Taxes

As of December 31, 1962, the Railroad had loss carryovers for federal income tax purposes aggregating approximately \$45,000,000 which would be available to apply against income in varying amounts through the year 1939.

Note 4-Provision for Disputed Per Diem Charges

The Boston and Maine Railroad is party to a dispute with other railroads over per diem rates for car rentals. For various reasons, including its situation as a so-called terminal line, the Railroad incurs more rentals than it earns. For several years payment has been made to other railroads at rates which are less than the rates adopted by the Association of American Railroads although full provision has been made on the books at the adopted rates, all by charges against income. The excess of amounts thus provided for on the books amounted to \$8,744,232 as of December 31, 1962. The excess of amounts accrued and charged to income over payments amounted to \$989,019 in 1962 and \$1,203,552 in 1961.

Note 5-Capital Stock, Stock Options and Additional Capital

The 5% Preferred Stock is redeemable at any time at \$100 per share plus accumulated unpaid dividends, and is convertible at the option of the holder into common stock at the rate of 1% shares of common stock for each share of preferred stock. The \$806,159 decrease in additional capital in 1962 occurred primarily in connection with the conversion of 10,709 shares of preferred stock into 18,741 shares of common stock.

Dividends on preferred stock, if not paid, are cumulative only if and to the extent (not exceeding 5% per annum) that earnings are available. On this basis there were no cumulative unpaid dividends at December 31, 1962. If earnings are sufficient, the Railroad is required to set aside annually one half of one per cent of the par value of the authorized preferred stock as a sinking fund for redemption of preferred stock, before dividends are paid on the common stock. There was no cumulative sinking fund obligation as at December 31, 1962.

At December 31, 1962 there were outstanding options granted to certain employees to purchase 33,484 shares of common stock of the Railroad at prices ranging from \$6 to \$16 per share or an aggregate of \$348,000. Options were then exercisable for 21,262 shares at an aggregate of \$256,000. No options were granted or exercised during the year. Under the present stock option plan, subject to approval of Interstate Commerce Commission, further options for 31,516 shares could be granted to key supervisory personnel at the fair market value at the time of the grant. Options generally become exercisable in instalments over a five year period and remain exercisable until ten years after the date of the grant.

Note 6—Restrictions on Dividends and Additional Borrowings

The indentures securing the first mortgage bonds, the income mortgage bonds and the guaranteed notes contain various restrictive provisions under which, at December 31, 1962, the Railroad could not pay dividends on or make purchases of any class of its capital stock. The indenture securing the first mortgage bonds also contains restrictions on additional borrowings.

Note 7-Contingent Obligations and Commitments

In addition to the matters referred to elsewhere in the financial statements and notes, the Railroad had the following contingent obligations and commitments at December 31, 1962:

The Railroad rents approximately 2,800 freight cars under long-term leases which expire at various dates to 1970. Current annual rentals under the various leases amount to approximately \$690,000. Certain of these leases provide options to renew for substantially lower rentals after the initial terms.

Together with other participating railroads, the Railroad has guaranteed repayment of equipment obligations of Trailer Train Company.

Under certain conditions the Railroad is required to make additional payments under a service interruption insurance policy carried jointly with other railroads.

At December 31, 1962 the unfunded past service credits of the Railroad's retirement income plan amounted to approximately \$1,300,000.

OPINION OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of the Boston and Maine Railroad

We have examined the balance sheet of the Boston and Maine Railroad as of December 31, 1962 and the statements of income and retained income for the year then ended. Our examination was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and accordingly included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

The depreciation reserves for roadway and structures, accumulated under accounting practices prescribed by the Interstate Commerce Commission as briefly explained in Note 2 of the notes to financial statements, are substantially less than reserves which would have resulted from a systematic method of depreciating the cost of all such properties from the time they were acquired. This deficiency has been aggravated by the fact that such reserves as have been provided have been substantially reduced or, for certain classes of assets, eliminated entirely by charges for retirements which have been unusually large in recent years. The roadway and structures accounts of the Railroad still include substantial amounts for branch lines which produce a relatively small portion of the present total revenues and further substantial retirements are anticipated in the future. We have concluded that neither the current depreciation rates for property which is being depreciated, nor the "replacement" accounting method for rails, ties, etc., described in Note 2, provide adequately for obsolescence of the extent experienced by this railroad.

In our opinion, except for the inadequacy of reserves for depreciation and obsolescence discussed above, the financial statements referred to above present fairly the financial position of the Boston and Maine Railroad at December 31, 1962 and the results of its operations for the year, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year.

PRICE WATERHOUSE & Co.

Boston, Massachusetts March 13, 1963

Boston and Maine Railroad

1962 FINANCIAL AND STATISTICAL STATEMENTS

Twelve-month period ended December 31, 1962 compared with similar period of 1961

HAROLD JUDKINS

RUTLAND MA 01543

> BOSTON & MAINE RAILROAD HISTORICAL SOCIETY, ARCHIVES

M3118 1319 .962 80.048

1962 FINANCIAL AND STATISTICAL STATEMENTS

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INCOME ACCOUNT

	ITEM	12-MONTH PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31		DED
	1112.00	1962	1961	Increase of Decrease
501	RAILWAY OPERATING REVENUES.	\$64,040,384	\$66,031,162	\$1,990,778
31	RAILWAY OPERATING EXPENSES.	49,540,758	50,621,112	1,080,354
	OPERATING RATIO	77.36% $49.83%$	$76.66\% \\ 50.33\%$.50%
	NET OPERATING REVENUES.	14,499,626	15,410,050	910,424
	Railway Tax Accruals:			27. 42
	Unemployment Insurance	892,013 $1,599,585$	911,225 $1,584,215$	19,218 15,370
	Railroad RetirementFederal Income	123,953	193,759	69,800
	Property and Other:			
	Massachusetts	1,854,958	1,766,212	88,746 25,096
	Maine New Hampshire	$42,473 \\ 236,221$	67,569 $202,958$	33,26
	New York	353,053	336,314	16,73
	Vermont	50,749	53,522	2,77
	Other	18,133 2,555,587	23,578 2,450,153	$\frac{5,444}{105,434}$
	Total Less — Rebilled Others	130,453	172,118	41,664
	*Property and Other — Net	2,425,134	2,278,035	147,099
	Total Railway Tax Accruals - Net	5,040,685	4,967,234	73,451
	RAILWAY OPERATING INCOME	9,458,941	10,442,816	983,878
	Rents Payable: For Freight Cars:			
	Per Diem Payable	6,402,580	7,065,352	662,772
	Per Diem Receivable	3,472,887	3,386,385	86,502
	Net Per Diem Payable Leased Cars	2,929,693 $972,576$	3,678,967 $1,012,288$	749,27 39,71
	Mileage Cars.	1,422,651	1,541,559	118,908
	Total — Freight Cars.	5,324,920	6,232,814	907,89
	For Trailers:	1 221 222	1 050 000	201.05
	Payable	1,331,332 $776,139$	1,656,289 $710,732$	324,957 65,40
	Net Payable — Trailers.	555,193	945,557	390,36
	Other Equipment	218,166	148,095	70,07
	Total Equipment Rent — Net Payable	6,098,279	7,326,466	1,228,187
	Equipment Rent Ratio — % of Revenues	9.52%	11.10%	1.58%
	Portland Terminal	583,406	511,996	71,410
	Other	76,151	64,351	11,800
	Net Payable — Joint Facility	507,255	447,645	59,610
	Total Rents Payable	6,605,534	7,774,111	1,168,577
	NET RAILWAY OPERATING INCOME	2,853,407 590,468	2,668,705 713,100	184,702 122,632
	TOTAL INCOME.	3,443,875	3,381,805	62,070
	Missellan sous Deductions	608,501	701,872	93,371
	Miscellaneous Deductions INCOME AVAILABLE FOR FIXED CHARGES	2,835,374	2,679,933	155,441
		2,000,011	2,010,000	
42	Fixed Charges: Rent for Leased Roads and Equipment	476,852	474,930	1,925
16	Interest on Bonds	2,914,302	2,973,641	59,33
	Interest on Equipment Trust	573,925	636,535	62,610 90,36
	Interest on Conditional Sales	544,472 $359,520$	634,839 390,785	31,26
47	Interest on Unfunded Debt.	7,052	6,953	9
48	Amortization of Discount on Funded Debt	96,344	88,906	7,43
	Total Fixed Charges	4,972,467	5,206,589	234,12
10	INCOME AFTER FIXED CHARGES	2,137,093 753,060	2,526,656 $753,060$	389,56
46	Contingent Interest	2,890,153	3,279,716	389,568
-	NET INCOME. *Property and Other Taxes — Net.	2,425,134	2,278,035	147,099
	Less: Rent Income — Net: From Buildings and Other Property (142)	573,393	702,036	128,64
	Miscellaneous (510)	259,247	275,718	16,47
	From Non-Operating Property (511)	6,123	20,323	26,44
	Total	826,517	998,077	171,560
	Net Property and Other Taxes Less Rent Income	1,598,617	1,279,958	318,659
542 516	Rent for Leased Roads	476,852 185,185	$474,930 \\ 169,250$	1,922 15,93
4111	Dividends on Leased Lines Stock (Accrued)	100,100	100,200	10,00

OPERATING REVENUES

		12-MONTH PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31							
	REVENUES		1962		1961				
	KBVB/(CBS	Total	Freight Service	Passenger Service	Total	Freight Service	Passenger Service		
Tran	sportation Revenue:		9000 A VI 10000 A 10000 A	2					
101	Freight	\$54,928,337	\$54,928,337	\$ —	\$56,133,995	\$56,133,995	\$		
102	Passenger	4,617,061	671	4,616,390	5,138,071	644	5,137,427		
103	Excess Baggage	2,101	-	2,101	1,622	-	1,622		
106	Mail	378,650		378,650	317,188		317,188		
107	Express	157,556	-	157,556	197,854		197,854		
108	Other Passenger Train	10,343		10,343	11,515		11,515		
109	Milk	811,984	_	811,984	918,185	-	918,185		
110	Switching	730,718	728,967	1,751	815,685	814,008	1,677		
	Total	\$61,636,750	\$55,657,975	\$5,978,775	\$63,534,115	\$56,948,647	\$6,585,468		
Incid	lental Revenue:								
133	Station and Train Privileges	\$ 48,336	s —	\$ 48,336	\$ 58,613	\$ —	\$ 58,613		
135	Storage — Freight	74,368	74,368		51,867	51,867	-		
137	Demurrage	686,047	686,047		609,133	609,133	-		
139	Grain Elevator	86,544	86,544		136,059	136,059			
141	Power	151,512	47,048	104,464	184,122	62,538	121,584		
142	Rent of Buildings and Other Property	573,393	200,575	372,818	702,036	275,250	426,786		
143	Miscellaneous	530,921	494,657	36,264	475,224	435,220	40,004		
	Total.	\$ 2,151,121	\$ 1,589,239	\$ 561,882	\$ 2,217,054	\$ 1,570,067	\$ 646,987		
151	Joint Facility — Cr	\$ 255,284	\$ 248,283	\$ 7,001	\$ 282,939	\$ 279,253	\$ 3,686		
152	Joint Facility — Dr	2,771	1,217	1,554	2,946	882	2,064		
	Total	\$ 252,513	\$ 247,066	\$ 5,447	\$ 279,993	\$ 278,371	\$ 1,622		
тот	AL OPERATING REVENUE	\$64,040,384	\$57,494,280	\$6,546,104	\$66,031,162	\$58,797,085	\$7,234,077		

MILEAGE OF TRACK-DECEMBER 31, 1962

State	1st Track	2nd Track	3rd Track	Yards and Sidings	Total Track
TRACK OWNED					
Massachusetts	513.09	231.57	2.65	428.57	1,175.88
New Hampshire	587.66	67.85	-	149.31	804.82
Maine	42.74	16.92		11.65	71.31
New York.	93.76	16.18	1.50	65.51	176.95
Vermont	78.86	15.72		12.16	106.74
Total Owned — Operated	1,316.11	348.24	4.15	667.20	2,335.70
Massachusetts	71.20	52.40	-	59.30	182.90
New Hampshire.	69.08		-	14.83	83.91
Vermont.	.90			10.87	11.77
Total Leased — OperatedOPERATED UNDER TRUCKAGE RIGHTS	141.18	52.40	-	85.00	278.58
Massachusetts	19.80	.24	-		20.04
New Hampshire	24.89		-		24.89
Maine	3.53	3.53		77-07-	7.06
New York	2.03	9.37	.99	24.00	12.39
Vermont	23.71	_	-		23.71
Total Trackage Rights	73.96	13.14	.99		88.09
TOTAL OPERATED		887 83	57554		
Massachusetts	604.09	284.21	2.65	487.87	1,378.82
New Hampshire	681.63	67.85		164.14	913.62
Maine	46.27	20.45	-	11.65	78.37
New York	95.79	25.55	2.49	65.51	189.34
Vermont	103.47	15.72	_	23.03	142.22
Grand Total	1,531.25	413.78	5.14	752.20	2,702.37
Comparison with 1961:				Streams	- Common
Change, percent	1.09	10.95	-	1.71	2.91
Change, miles.	16.93	50.89		13.08	80.90

	MINEM	12-MONTH PE DECEM	RIOD ENDED IBER 31		
ITEM		1962	1961	Increase of Decrease	
NTENAN	CE OF WAY AND STRUCTURES:				
	Superintendence	\$ 620,954	\$ 607,987	\$ 12,96	
202	Roadway Maintenance	312,425	269,478	42,94	
206	Tunnels and Subways	16,570	9,288	7,28	
208	Bridges, Trestles and Culverts	147,209	133,541 $5,658$	13,66 7.40	
212-A 212-B	Ties — Cross Ties — Switch and Bridge	$^{1,743}_{5,725}$	36,491	30.76	
	Rails	105,290	152,620	47.33	
	Other Track Material	234,359	152,351	82,00	
218	Ballast	5,624	4,402	1,22	
220	Frack Laying and Surfacing	648,918	663,742	14.82	
221	Fences, Snowsheds and Signs	23,792	23,574	21 55	
227	Station and Office Buildings	188,909	$188,354 \\ 29,257$	5.00	
229 1 231	Roadway Buildings	24,248 79	150	7.00	
233	Water Stations	5,180	6,333	1.15	
235	Shops and Enginehouses.	153,776	168,933	15,15	
237 (Grain Elevators	6,115	13,162	7.04	
247 (Communication Systems	93,090	83,182	9,90	
249	Signals and Interlockers.	538,994	420,717	118,27 5,50	
253] 257]	Power Plants.	$\frac{851}{31,781}$	6,360 $29,487$	2,29	
	Power — Transmission Systems	155,498	135,151	20,34	
270	Dismantling Retired Property.	39,388	53,763	14,37	
271	Small Tools and Supplies	190,176	152,026	38,15	
272]	Removing Snow, Ice and Sand	294,547	520,709	226,16	
273]	Public Improvements — Maintenance	148,182	111,509	36,67 5,97	
274	Injuries to Persons	119,215	125,193 88,197	24,43	
	Insurance	63,763 $16,296$	11,516	4.78	
	Health and Welfare	154,983	207,659	52,67	
282	Other Expenses.	321,278	357,869	36,59	
•	Total of Above Accounts	\$4,665,472	\$4,768,659	\$ 103,18	
278	acilities: Fracks, Yards, etc. — Dr.: Portland Terminal Company. All Other. Fotal Debit. Fracks, Yards, etc. — Cr.: Portland Terminal Company.	\$ 345,882 169,075 \$ 514,957 \$ 240	\$ 363,831 165,469 \$ 529,300 \$ 239	\$ 17,94 3,60 \$ 14,34	
	All Other. Total Credit. Fotal Net Debit.	\$ 44,671 \$ 44,911 \$ 470,046	88,025 82,264 \$ 447,036 \$5,215,695	\$ 37,35. \$ 37,35. \$ 23,010 \$ 80,17	
	All Other. Total Credit.	44,671 \$ 44,911	82,264	\$ 37,35 \$ 37,35 \$ 23,01	
	All Other. Total Credit. Fotal Net Debit.	\$ 44,671 \$ 44,911 \$ 470,046	\$2,264 \$ 447,036	\$ 37,35 \$ 37,35 \$ 23,01	
1	All Other. Total Credit Fotal Net Debit FOTAL EXPENDED	\$ 44,671 \$ 44,911 \$ 470,046	\$2,264 \$ 447,036	\$ 37,35 \$ 37,35 \$ 23,01	
Depreci	All Other. Total Credit Fotal Net Debit FOTAL EXPENDED	\$ 44,671 \$ 44,911 \$ 470,046 \$5,135,518	82,264 \$ 447,036 \$5,215,695	37,35 \$ 37,35 \$ 23,01 \$ 80,17	
Deprecia 266 I	All Other. Total Credit. Fotal Net Debit. FOTAL EXPENDED. ation, Retirements, Etc.: Road Property.	\$ 44,671 \$ 44,911 \$ 470,046 \$5,135,518	82,264 \$ 447,036 \$5,215,695 \$1,585,902	\$7,35 \$ 37,35 \$ 23,01 \$ 80,17	
Deprecia 266 I	All Other. Total Credit. Fotal Net Debit. FOTAL EXPENDED. ation, Retirements, Etc.: Road Property.	\$ 44,671 \$ 44,911 \$ 470,046 \$5,135,518	82,264 \$ 447,036 \$5,215,695	\$7,35 \$ 37,35 \$ 23,01 \$ 80,17	
Depreci: 266 1 280 1	All Other. Total Credit Fotal Net Debit FOTAL EXPENDED ation, Retirements, Etc.: Road Property. Retirements. Equalization — Ties, Rails, etc.	\$44,671 \$44,911 \$470,046 \$5,135,518 \$1,587,391 142,493	82,264 \$ 447,036 \$5,215,695 \$1,585,902 72,698	\$7,35. \$ 37,35. \$ 23,010 \$ 80,177	
Deprecia 266 1 267 1 280 1	All Other Total Credit Fotal Net Debit FOTAL EXPENDED ation, Retirements, Etc.: Road Property Retirements Equalization — Ties, Rails, etc. Fotal	\$44,671 \$44,911 \$470,046 \$5,135,518 \$1,587,391 142,493 \$1,729,884	\$2,264 \$ 447,036 \$5,215,695 \$1,585,902 72,698 \$1,658,600	\$7,35. \$ 37,35. \$ 23,01. \$ 80,17. \$ 80,17.	
Deprecia 266 1 267 1 280 1	All Other. Total Credit Fotal Net Debit FOTAL EXPENDED ation, Retirements, Etc.: Road Property. Retirements. Equalization — Ties, Rails, etc.	\$44,671 \$44,911 \$470,046 \$5,135,518 \$1,587,391 142,493	82,264 \$ 447,036 \$5,215,695 \$1,585,902 72,698	\$7,35. \$ 37,35. \$ 23,010 \$ 80,177	

		12-MONTH PE DECEM		
	ITEM	1962	1961	Increase or Decrease
MAINTENA	NCE OF EQUIPMENT:			
301	Superintendence	\$ 399,596	\$ 419,720	\$ 20,124
302	Shop Machinery	90,293 $37,299$	78,093 $43,282$	$12,200 \\ 5,983$
304 306	Power Plant Machinery. Dism. Ret. Shop & PowPlt. Mach.	31,299	595	595
311	Diesel Locomotives — Repairs	2,260,258	1,988,411	271,847
314	Freight-Train Cars — Repairs	1,693,597	1,708,206	$\frac{14,609}{30,736}$
317	Passenger-Train Cars — Repairs	1,037,363 $59,329$	1,006,627 86.052	26,723
326 328	Miscellaneous Equipment — Repairs.	181,078	96,285	84,793
329	Dismantling Retired Equipment	5,782	8,977	3,195
332	Injuries to Persons	119,396 $183,467$	126,364 $199,662$	6,968 $16,195$
333 334	Stationery and Printing	8,941	7,029	1,912
335	Health and Welfare	139,361	167,275	27,914
339	Other Expenses	23,299	29,111	5,812
	Total	\$6,239,059	\$5,965,689	\$ 273,370
	Facilities:			
336	Equipment Expenses — Dr.: Portland Terminal Company	\$ 103,194	\$ 112,489	\$ 9,295
	All Other	14,115	13,437	678
	Total Debit	\$ 117,309	\$ 125,926	\$ 8,617
337	Equipment Expenses — Cr.	\$ 10,892	\$ 10,949	\$ 57
	Total Net Debit.	\$ 106,417	\$ 114,977	\$ 8,560
	TOTAL EXPENDED	\$6,345,476	\$6,080,666	\$ 264,810
Donne	ciation & Retirements, etc.:			
305	Shop & PowPlant Mach	\$ 56,400	\$ 53,493	\$ 2,907
330	Retirements	15,737	340	15,397
331	Equipment Equalization — Destroyed Cars	2,773,961	2,758,712	15,249
338	Total	\$2,814,624	\$2,811,865	\$ 2,759
TOTAL MA	INT. OF EQUIPMENT	\$9,160,100	\$8,892,531	\$ 267,569
TOTAL MA		14.30%	13.47%	.83%
	Ratio	14.00 70	10.47 70	.00 /0
TRAFFIC:		57 5325 500		
351	Superintendence.	\$ 537,915 663,995	\$ 543,633 678,359	\$ 5,718 14,364
352 353	Outside Agencies	28,646	23,741	4,905
354	Traffic Associations.	72,831	54,962	17,869
356	Industrial Bureau	138,182 390	156,495 422	18,313 32
357 358	Insurance Stationery and Printing	54,337	55,827	1,490
359	Health and Welfare	33,710	33,973	263
360	Other Expenses	10,047	8,334	1,713
TOTAL TR	AFFIC	\$1,540,053	\$1,555,746	\$ 15,693
	Detail: Passenger Department	\$ 25,981 1,332,133	\$ 26,769 1,330,176	\$ 788 1,957
	Freight Department. Industrial Department.	138,182	156,495	18,313
	Unassigned	43,757	42,306	1,451
	Ratio	2.40%	2.35%	.05%
TRANSPOR				
371	vision: Superintendence	\$1,650,047	\$1,691,645	\$ 41,598
372	Dispatching Trains	309,372	341,595	32,223
	Total	\$1,959,419	\$2,033,240	\$ 73,821
Ctati	on Carrica.			
373-A	on Service: Agents, Clerks and Attendants	\$1,563,518	\$1,574,529	\$ 11,011
373-B	Labor at Stations	469,760	557,941	88,181
374	Weighing, Insp. & Demurrage Bureaus	23,180	24,794 $442,511$	1,614 $11,490$
376	Supplies and Expenses Total	454,001 \$2,510,459	\$2,599,775	\$ 89,316
		ΨΨ,010,100	,000,110	2 00,010
Yard 377	Train Service: Yardmasters and Clerks	\$1,432,556	\$1,517,510	\$ 84,954
378	Conductors and Beakemen.	2,881,371	2,931,537	50,166
379	Switch and Signal Tenders	174,749	152,139	22,610
380 382	Enginemen	1,619,722 $169,973$	$\substack{1,651,052\\193,307}$	31,330 23,334
082	Switching Fuel.	100,010	100,001	20,004

		12-MONTH P DECEM		
	ITEM	1962	1961	Increase of Decrease
NSPOR	TATION (Continued)			
385	Water for Locomotives	8 174	\$ 366	\$ 19.
386	Lubricants for Locomotives	16,051	15,892	15
387	Other Supplies for Locomotives	7,403	9,463	2,06 44,01
388	Enginehouse Expenses	148,995 $190,234$	193,009 168,968	21,26
389	Supplies and Expenses	\$6,641,228	\$6,833,243	\$ 192,01
Passer 392	nger Train Service: Enginemen	\$ 974,173	\$ 1,072,179	\$ 98,00
394	Fuel	314,719	391,326	76,60
397	Water for Locomotives	386	626	1,01
398	Lubricants for Locomotives	9,166	8,705 3,599	46 90
399	Other Supplies for Locomotives.	$^{4,502}_{76,710}$	91,266	14,55
400 401	Enginehouse Expenses	1,429,464	1,505,263	75,79
402	Supplies and Expenses	919,397	985,464	66,06
403	Operating Sleeping Cars	32,296	55,360	23,06
	Total	\$ 3,760,041	\$ 4,113,788	\$ 353,74
Freigh	at Train Service:			721 1732 727
392	Enginemen	\$ 1,965,012	\$ 1,980,333	\$ 15,32
394	Fuel	1,389,791	1,469,325 481	79,55 25
397	Water for Locomotives	$\frac{228}{91.442}$	92,623	1,18
398	Lubricants for Locomotives	35,504	42,507	7,00
399 400	Enginehouse Expenses.	828,133	924,344	96,21
401	Trainmen	2,713,366	2,786,047	72,68
402	Supplies and Expenses	1,029,451	993,426	36,02
102	Total	\$ 8,052,927	\$ 8,289,086	\$ 236,15
	Total Train Service	\$11,812,968	\$12,402,874	\$ 589,90
Mieco	llaneous:			
404	Signal and Interlocker	\$ 770,019	\$ 889,329	\$ 119,31
405	Crossing Protection	663,615	822,988	159,37 7 ,18
406	Drawbridge	108,386	$101,199 \\ 75,667$	9,91
407	Communication System	85,579 $408,616$	152,019	256,59
409 410	Health and Welfare	122,749	382,621	259,87
411	Other Expenses.	129,569	105,860	23,70
414	Insurance	253,391	246,843	6,54
	Total	\$ 2,541,924	\$ 2,776,526	\$ 234,60
Casua	Ities:			
415	Clearing Wrecks	\$ 100,786	\$ 98,147	\$ 2,68 17,98
416	Damage to Property.	18,055	36,054 96	11,00
417	Damage to Livestock	987,964	848,094	139.87
$\frac{418}{419}$	Loss and Damage — Freight. Loss and Damage — Baggage	11,348	6,254	5,09
420	Injuries to Persons.	520,509	538,166	17,6
120	Total	\$ 1,638,662	\$ 1,526,811	\$ 111,83
Joint	Facilities:			
390	Yards and Terminals — Debit: Portland Terminal Company	\$ 1,236,379	\$ 1,224,091	\$ 12,28
	All Other.	000 100	903,367	53,20
	Total Debit.	\$ 2,086,537	\$ 2,127,458	\$ 40,92
201	Yards and Terminals — Credit:	418,134	434,902	\$ 16,76
391	Tracks and Facilities — Debit:	110,101		
412	Portland Terminal Company	\$ 10,000 34,684	\$ 10,032 39,459	\$ 4.7
	All Other	\$ 44,684	\$ 49,491	\$ 4,80
	Total Debit		\$ 48,719	\$ 3,86
413	Tracks and Facilities — Credit:	\$ 44,860		\$ 25,10
	Total Net Debit	\$ 1,668,227	\$ 1,693,328	ø 20,10
AL TR	ANSPORTATION	\$28,772,887 44.93%	\$29,865,797 45.23%	\$1,092,9 .30

	MDD.		ERIOD ENDED IBER 31	
	ITEM ———	1962	1961	Increase or Decrease
MISCELLA	NEOUS AND GENERAL:			
443	Grain Elevators	\$ 31,219	\$ 76,924	\$ 45,705
449	Health and Welfare	668	<u> </u>	668
451	Salaries & Expenses of Officers	429,323	446,760	17,437
452	Salaries & Expenses of Clerks	1,322,697	1,419,740	97,043
453	Office Supplies and Expenses	297,502	371,960	74,458
454	Law Expenses	476,445	564,338	87,893 956
$\frac{455}{456}$	Insurance Health and Welfare.	$3,170 \\ 82,817$	2,214 $85,550$	
457	Pensions and Gratuities	269,594	185,788	2,733 83,806
458	Stationery and Printing	84,387	80,919	3,468
459	Valuation Expenses	34,387	11.738	11,738
460	Other Expenses.	133,766	121,678	12,088
	Total	\$ 3,131,588	\$ 3,367,609	\$ 236,021
	Facilities:			
461	General — Debit: Portland Terminal Company	69,640	64,524	5,116
	All Other	1,608	1,123	485
	Total Debit.	71,248	65,647	5,601
462	General — Credit.	520	513	7
102	Total Net Debit	70.728	65,134	5,594
TOTAL M	SCELLANEOUS AND GENERAL	3,202,316	3,432,743	230,427
	Ratio	5.01%	5.20%	.19%
GRAND TO	OTAL RY. OPER. EXPENSES.	\$49,540,758	\$50,621,112	\$1,080,354
	Operating Ratio	77.36%	76.66%	.70%

TRAIN MILEAGE

	12-MONTH P		
	1962	1961	Increase or Decrease
Freight Train Miles. Passenger Train Miles:	2,577,536	2,596,287	18,751
Diesel Trains	322,120	332,917	10,797
Budd Trains. Talgo Train.	$2,145,814 \\ 18,744$	$2,410,598 \\ 34,143$	264,784 15, 3 99
Total Passenger Train Miles	2,486,678	2,777,658	290,980
Work Train Miles TOTAL TRAIN MILES	26,575 5,090,789	42,889 5,416,834	326,045
OPERATING STA	ATISTICS		
FREIGHT TRAIN SERVICE:	a a=a ooo	0 maa mir	15.005
Gross Ton Miles (000) Cars and Contents	6,676,890 2,813,868	6,722,715 2,810,680	45,825 $3,188$
Train Hours	159,936	165,026	5,090
Loaded Cars per Train	33.9	34.0 23.7	0.1
Empty Cars per Train. Total Cars per Train.	$23.3 \\ 57.2$	23.7 57.7	0.4 0.5
Gross Tons per Train	2600	2597	3
Net Tons per Train. Net Tons per Loaded Car.	1096 32.3	1086 32.0	10 0.3
Per Cent Loaded of Total Car Miles	59.2	58.9	0.3
Train Miles per Train Hour	16.1	15.7	0.4
Gross Ton Miles per Train Hour	41,747	40,737	1010
FUEL CONSUMPTION Freight Service:	,	GALLONS	
Fuel Oil per 1000 G. T. M.	1.83	1.83	-
Passenger Service:	0.69	0.65	0.2
Budd Cars — Fuel Oil per Car Mile	0.63	0.65	.02
Fuel Oil per Switching Locomotive Hour	6.57	6.89	.32
Miles per Locomotive Day: Serviceable Road Freight Locomotives	113.0	110.2	2.8
Miles per Budd Car Day:	110.0	110.2	,
Serviceable Budd Cars	105.8	116.5	10.7
Serviceable Freight Cars	45.2	46.1	0.9
REVENUE AND OTHE	R STATISTICS		
Miles Operated — Total Transportation Service	1541	1553	12
Miles Operated — Freight Service	1535	1546	11 130
Miles Operated — Passenger Service	614 \$41,558	744 \$42,518	\$960
Expenses per Mile of Road	32,148	32,596	448
Net Revenues per Mile of Road.	9,409 7,520	9,923 6,906	514 614
Passenger Revenue per Mile of Road (Passenger Service) Freight Revenue per Mile of Road (Freight Service)	35,784	36,309	525
Passenger Revenue per Passenger Train Mile*	2.40	2.37	0.03
Freight Revenue per Freight Train Mile.	21.31	21.62	0.31
FREIGHT:	(A)	10 170 979	50 200
Number of Tons of Freight Carried	16,537,770 $2,802,265,496$	16,478,372 $2,791,190,579$	59,398 11,074,917
Average Distance Each Ton Carried — Miles	169.4	169.4	-
Average Amount Received for Each Ton	\$3.32 1.960¢	\$3.41 2.011¢	\$0.09 0.051¢
PASSENGER:			
Number of Revenue Passengers Carried	5,472,620	5,938,306	465,686 13,361,390
Number of Revenue Passengers Carried One Mile	127,803,343 23.4	141,164,733 23.8	.4
Average Amount Received from Each Passenger	\$0.84	\$0.87	\$0.03
Average Amount Received from Passenger per Mile	3.61¢	3.64∉	0.03¢

^{*} Includes Mail, Express and Milk Revenues.
(A) Eleven months' actual, December estimated.

ASSETS

IKKENI	ASSETS:		
701 702	Cash	\$ 3,062,907 15,000	
703	Special Deposits: Interest Matured Unpaid Dividends Matured Unpaid	$\begin{array}{c} 174,679 \\ 2,455 \\ 1.032 \end{array}$	
	Unsettled Per Diem Charges Miscellaneous	151,455	
704	Loans and Notes Receivable	150,500 $2,260,654$	
706 707	Miscellaneous Accounts Receivable	1,851,086	
708 709	Interest and Dividends Receivable Accrued Accounts Receivable.	19,375 1,087,762	
710	Working Fund Advances	222,088 $271,093$	
$\frac{711}{712}$	Prepayments Material and Supplies	2,812,544	
713	Other Current Assets	16,925	
	Total.		\$ 12,099,555
PECIAL	FUNDS:		
715	Sinking Funds. Capital and Other Reserve Funds:	4,117	
716	Deposits with Trustee of Equipment Trust Certificates Series 1. Deposits with Trustee in Lieu of Mortgaged Property Sold	37,969 124,740	
717	Insurance and Other Funds: Investment in Stock of Leased Lines — Pledged (Market value \$2,256,450)	3,460,993	
	Cash Miscellaneous	$38,945 \\ 138,022$	
	Total		3,804,786
NVESTM	ENTS: Investments in Affiliated Companies	3,432,920	
$\frac{721}{722}$	Other Investments	1,310,645(A)	
	Total.		4,743,565
PROPERT	TIES.		9
731	Road	165,698,568 $73,850,523$	
	Equipment General Expenditures	583,192	
732	Improvements on Leased Property	11,092,708	
	Total	251,224,991	
735-A	Accrued Depreciation — Road	6,901,161	
725 B	Accrued Depreciation — Equipment. Accrued Amortization of Defense Projects — Equipment.	20,441,545 1,514,851	
736-B	Total.	28,857,557	
			222,367,43
737	Transportation Property Less Depreciation and Amortization Miscellaneous Physical Property Accrued Depreciation — Miscellaneous Physical Property	2,614,066 269,824	- 12-4 sassa (1)
138	Miscellaneous Physical Property Less Depreciation		2,344,24
738			
138			
	SSETS AND DEFERRED CHARGES:		
OTHER 741	ASSETS AND DEFERRED CHARGES: Other Assets	2,026,370 405.015	
OTHER 741 741 742	Other Assets. Unamortized Discount on Long-Term Debt.	$\substack{2,026,370\\405,015\\795,427}$	
OTHER 741	Other Assets	405,015	3,226,81

⁽A) Includes U.S. Government Securities, \$1,000,000 Par Value, pledged with other assets to secure \$3,000,000 Collateral Trust due Serially to January 1, 1976.

LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL

CUDDENT	IARII ITIES.		
	IABILITIES: raffic and Car Service Balances	\$ 2,827,986	
753 At	idited Accounts and Wages Pavable	5,615,610	
754 M	iscellaneous Accounts Pavable	700,760	
755 In	terest Matured Unpaid	174,709	
756 Di	ividends Matured Unpaid	2,455	
757 Ur 759 Ac	nmatured Interest Accrued cerued Accounts Payable	1,412,214 4,488,894	
760 Fe	ederal Income Taxes Accrued.	183,909	
761 Ot	her Taxes Accrued	2,626,294	
763 Ot	her Current Liabilities	553,258	
Т	otal		\$ 18,586,089
			0 10,000,000
EDT DUE	VITHIN ONE VEAD.		
	WITHIN ONE YEAR:	1 004 000	
764 Ec	quipment Trust Series 1	1,234,000 2,962,385	
18	onditional Sales. t Mtge. Series SS 6% Bonds due August 1, 1963.	959,484	
Č	ollateral Trust, and Notes	366,667	
			F F00 F00
Te	otal		5,522,536
ONG-TERM			
With Fixe	d Interest: t Mtge. Series SS 6% Bonds due Serially August 1, 1964	050 494	
765 ls	t Mtge. Series SS 6% Bonds due Serially August 1, 1964 t Mtge. Series SS 6% Bonds due August 1, 1965	959,484 44,136,264	
18	t Mtge. Series AC 5% Bonds due September 1, 1967	2,424,000	
Co	ollateral Trust 5%, due Serially to June 1, 1974	2,100,000	
Co	ollateral Trust 5%, due Serially to January 1, 1976	3,000,000(A)	
Co	ollateral Note 47/8%, due Serially to July 1, 1965	775,000	
C	ollateral Note 5% , due Serially to October 15, 1977	933,333 412,275	
766 E	quipment Trust Series 1, due Serially to March 1, 1971.	9,872,000	
C	onditional Sales — Equipment, due Serially to October 1, 1969	6,498,022	
Т	otal	71,110,378	
With Cor	ntingent Interest:		
765 2n	d Mtge. Series A 4½% Income Bonds due July 1, 1970	18,826,500	
Т	otal		89,936,878(B
ESERVES:			
	ension and Welfare	225,615	
774 Ca	asualty and Other	804,383	
т	otal	***************************************	1,029,998
1.			1,020,000
	DIVINIO AND DEPENDED OPENING		
	BILITIES AND DEFERRED CREDITS:	10.050.001	
	ther Liabilities	12,859,001	
	ther Deferred Credits	702,334 2,082,016	
		2,002,010	10 10 10 1
Т	otal		15,643,351
APITAL:			
Stock: 791 O	utstanding:		
337	Common, No Par — Issued (Excludes 4,249 shares in Treasury)	58,649,725	
	Preferred, \$100 Par — Issued (Excludes 5,266 shares in Treasury)	24,080,100	
	otal	82,729,825	
Т	TT00: 0.00000 12 N 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		
		26,010,593	
795 Pa	aid-in Surplus		
795 Pa	etained Income — Appropriated	2,640,617	
795 Pa	aid-in Surplus		
795 Pa 797 R 798 R	etained Income — Appropriated	2,640,617	117,867,542
795 Ps 797 R 798 R	etained Income — Appropriated	2,640,617	117,867,542

⁽B) Excludes Treasury Holdings, Bonds deposited with Trustee and Bonds pledged.

EQUIPMENT AND ROAD PROPERTY OBLIGATIONS DECEMBER 31, 1962

Description	Interest Rate	Amount Outstanding 12–31–62	Principal Payable During 1963	Final Maturity	Equipment and Road Property Covered
			Equip	oment Obligations	
Equipment T 1956 #1	rust Certificates 4½% 6%	\$ 6,858,000 4,248,000	\$ 762,000 472,000	1971 }	34 Rail Diesel Passenger Cars and 1574 Box Cars, 326 Hopper Cars and 100 Flat Cars
	ale Contracts —	- Equipment			
Dated				1	42 Diesel Electric Road Switching Locomotives.
6- 1-54	$3\frac{1}{2}\%$	1,140,000	1,050,000	1964	4 Diesel Electric Road Freight Locomotives. 64 Diesel Switching Locomotives. 3 Rail Diesel Passenger Cars.
10- 1-54	334%	1,939,500	862,000	1965	10 Diesel Electric Road Switching Locomotives. 55 Rail Diesel Passenger Cars.
11- 1-54 10-16-56 3- 1-57 2- 1-58	4% 5.91% 5¼% 5%	$\substack{269,028\\4,537,286\\167,856\\46,222}$	39,856 449,532 41,964 46,222	1969 1969 1967 1963	4 Railway Sleeping Cars. 50 Diesel Electric Road Switching Locomotives. 3 Rail Diesel Passenger Cars. 5 Rail Diesel Passenger Cars. 2 Portable Air Compressors. 8 Speed Swing Loaders.
8- 1-60	6%	30,477	30,477	1963	1 Tool Spot Tamper. 1 Multiple Tamper. 1 Speed Tamper. 5 14-Ton Platform Trailers.
4- 1-61	$\frac{6\%}{51/2}\%$	23,815	19,052	1964	2 Speed Swing Loaders.
9-29-61 12- 1-61	51/2%	703,238 $79,811$	80,370 49,405	1971 1964	6 Diesel Electric Road Switching Locomotives. 65 Hopper Cars.
4-17-62	6% 6% 6%	275,167	63,500	1967	50 Steel Highway Van Trailers.
10-16-62	6%	39,600	21,600	1964	4 Snow Blowers.
Total Equipm	nent Obligations	\$20,358,000	\$3,987,978		
			Road P	roperty Obligations	
	Sale Contracts -	 Road Property 			
Dated 1-25-57	41/2%	\$ 20,666	\$ 20,666	1963	Centralized Traffic Control System, Concord
11-10-59	E1/07	130,667	44,800	1965	Westboro, N. H. Centralized Traffic Control System, Dover, N. H
10-17-60	51/4%	14,778	5,374	1965	4 Industrial Lift Trucks.
10-14-60		20,007	6,860	1965	4 Industrial Lift Trucks, with Forks
3-16-61	6%	10,306	8,833 15,500	1964 1965	1 Jack-Spot Tamper 1 Mobile Gantry Crane
5-31-61 6-20-61	6% 6%	37,458 $49,188$	19,675	1965	1 Mobile Gantry Crane
8- 1-61	514%	314,612	75,200	1967	Centralized Traffic Control System, Greenfiel
8-24-62	6%	23,000	11,500	1964	MassJohnsonville, N. Y. Land (acquired), Lowell, Mass.
Total Equipm Property (nent and Road Obligations	\$20,978,682	\$4,196,386		
			n		a December 21
1964		3,094,772	1967	ng in Years Endin	\$2,433,954

ROAD AND EQUIPMENT CHANGES

	ITEM	Balance at Beginning of Year, 1962	Net Additions & Betterments or Retirements, Jan. 1–Dec. 31,	Current Balance, Dec. 31, 1962
ROAD (Acc	ounts 731 and 732):			
1	Engineering	\$ 6,340,872	\$ 179,356	\$ 6,520,228
2	Land for Transportation Purposes	13,949,752	1,211,078	12,738,674
21/2	Other Right-of-Way Expenditures	30,053	797	30,850
3	Grading	34.478.445	73,231	34,405,214
5	Tunnels and Subways	4,182,606	-	4,182,606
6	Bridges, Trestles and Culverts	26,813,174	15,806	26,828,980
8	Ties	5,683,246	6,759	5,676,487
9	Rails	12,217,857	45,078	12,172,779
10	Other Track Material	10,128,415	2,167	10,130,582
11	Ballast	8,317,544	95,681	8,413,225
12	Track Laying and Surfacing.	7,370,036	74,738	7,444,774
13	Fences, Snowsheds and Signs.	1,362,642	7,174	1,355,468
16	Station and Office Buildings	8,957,719	<i>238,039</i>	8,719,680
17	Roadway Buildings	221,446	12,661	208,785
18	Water Stations	95,271	7,408	87,863
19 20	Fuel Stations.	614,949	5,339	609,610
20	Shops and Enginehouses	7,596,244	114,084	7,482,160
23	Grain Elevators	1,699	22 221	1,699
26	Communication Systems	222,375	82,284	140,091
27	Signals and Interlockers.	810,047 $15,702,897$	11,896	821,943
29	Power Plants.	340,022	$741,381 \\ 4.489$	16,444,278 344,511
31	Power Transmission Systems	1,159,861	32,356	1,192,217
35	Miscellaneous Structures	78,575	32,330	78,575
37	Roadway Machines	1.942.805	46,746	1,896,059
38	Roadway Small Tools	312,271	1,144	313,415
39	Public Improvements — Construction	6,735,457	97,945	6,833,402
44	Shop Machinery	1,460,739	9,353	1,451,386
45	Power Plant Machinery	853,355	4,236	849,119
	TOTAL	\$177,980,374	\$605,714	\$177,374,660
EOUIPMEN	r.			
52	TANK CONTRACT OF SALE VANCOUS CONTRACT OF SALE	91 505 188	005 000	00 000 000
53	Diesel Electric Locomotives	31,525,177	885,970	30,639,207
54	Freight Cars. Passenger Cars:	20,425,213	73,003	20,352,210
	Talgo	779,776		779,776
	Milk	815,393	Account	815,393
	Pullman	758,195		758,195
	Budd	18,229,116	8,893	18,238,009
57	Work	1,342,316	36,182	1,306,134
58	Miscellaneous	584,411	377,189	961,600
	Equipment Obligations to Leased Lines	669,189		669,189
	TOTAL	\$73,790,408	\$609,073	\$73,181,335
GENERAL:	OF BOTH OF BY	675,282	6,286	668,996
GRAND TO	TAL:	\$252,446,064	\$1,221,073	\$251,224,991

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